



ACADEMIA DE IDIOMAS

VIDA COTIDIANA EN OTRO IDIOMA II

GUÍA DE ESTUDIO – REQUISITO DE OPORTUNIDAD

RC-06-001
REV:01-07/06

NOMBRE: _____ GPO: _____

Instrucciones: Lee cuidadosamente cada una de las instrucciones que se te dan a continuación en cada uno de los números romanos contestando adecuadamente.

I. Countable and Uncountable Nouns

Grammar Explanation

- **Countable nouns** can be counted and have singular and plural forms.
👉 *apple, book, student*
 - Use **many, few, a/an**
- **Uncountable nouns** cannot be counted individually.
👉 *water, sugar, information*
 - Use **much, little, some**

Examples:

- How **many** apples do you have?
- How **much** water do you need?

Choose the correct answer according to Countable and Uncountable Nouns.

1. How ___ sugar do you need for the recipe?
A) many
B) much
C) few
D) several
2. There aren't ___ apples left in the fridge.
A) much
B) little
C) many
D) a little
3. Milk is a(n) ___ noun.
A) countable
B) plural
C) singular
D) uncountable
4. I bought ___ bottle of water.
A) some
B) much
C) a
D) many
5. We don't have ___ information about the test.
A) many

- B) much
- C) few
- D) several

6. How ___ students are in your class?
- A) much
 - B) little
 - C) many
 - D) a

II. Present Progressive Tense

Grammar Explanation

The **Present Progressive** is used for:

- Actions happening **right now**
- Temporary actions

Structure:

👉 **Subject + am / is / are + verb + -ing**

Examples:

- She **is studying** now.
- They **are playing** soccer.

Choose the correct answer according to Present Progressive Tense.

7. She ___ TV right now.
- A) watches
 - B) is watching
 - C) watched
 - D) watch
8. They ___ soccer at the moment.
- A) play
 - B) are playing
 - C) played
 - D) plays
9. I ___ my homework now.
- A) am doing
 - B) do
 - C) did
 - D) done
10. What ___ you ___ right now?
- A) do / do
 - B) are / doing
 - C) did / do
 - D) is / doing
11. We ___ for the bus at the moment.
- A) wait
 - B) waited
 - C) are waiting
 - D) waiting

12. He ___ not ___ attention in class.
- A) does / pay
 - B) is / paying
 - C) did / pay
 - D) was / paying

III. Past Simple Tense

Grammar Explanation

The **Past Simple** is used for:

- Actions that happened **in the past**
- Completed actions

Structure:

👉 Regular verbs: **verb + -ed**

👉 Irregular verbs: special form (*go* → *went*)

Examples:

- I **visited** my grandma yesterday.
- She **went** to school early.

Choose the correct response according to Past Simple Tense.

13. I ___ my best friend yesterday.
- A) see
 - B) saw
 - C) seen
 - D) seeing
14. They ___ to the movies last night.
- A) go
 - B) gone
 - C) went
 - D) going
15. She ___ her homework before dinner.
- A) finishes
 - B) finished
 - C) finish
 - D) finishing
16. We ___ a great time at the party.
- A) have
 - B) had
 - C) has
 - D) having
17. He ___ late for school yesterday.
- A) is
 - B) was
 - C) were
 - D) be
18. Did you ___ the test?
- A) passed
 - B) passing

- C) pass
- D) passes

IV. There was / There were

Grammar Explanation

Use **there was** and **there were** to talk about existence in the past.

- **There was** → singular or uncountable nouns
- **There were** → plural nouns

Examples:

- There **was** a problem.
- There **were** many students.

Choose the correct response according to There was and There were.

19. There ___ a dog in the yard.

- A) were
- B) are
- C) was
- D) be

20. There ___ many students in the classroom.

- A) was
- B) were
- C) is
- D) be

21. ___ there any problems with the homework?

- A) Was
- B) Is
- C) Were
- D) Are

22. There ___ not any milk in the fridge.

- A) were
- B) are
- C) was
- D) be

23. There ___ two exams last week.

- A) was
- B) were
- C) is
- D) be

V. The Verb Should

Grammar Explanation

Should is used to:

- Give advice
- Make recommendations
- Talk about what is correct or best

Structure:

👉 **Subject + should / shouldn't + base verb**

Examples:

- You **should study** more.
- You **shouldn't eat** junk food.

 **Choose the best response according to Modal Verbs.**

24. You ___ study more for the exam.
A) can
B) should
C) must
D) may
25. He ___ eat so much junk food.
A) should
B) shouldn't
C) must
D) has
26. We ___ be polite to others.
A) should
B) shouldn't
C) are
D) were
27. What ___ I do to improve my English?
A) do
B) did
C) should
D) am
28. They ___ arrive on time.
A) should
B) should not
C) are
D) were
29. You look tired. You ___ rest.
A) shouldn't
B) should
C) mustn't
D) can't
30. Students ___ use their phones during exams.
A) should
B) should not
C) can
D) may